

# Leamington History Group Christmas Quiz 2020

## QUESTIONS

### Round 1

#### Question 1

Where was "The Public Hall" built in 1854?

- a. Windsor Street
- b. Pump Room Gardens
- c. Regent Street

#### Question 2

Who designed the "New Town Hall" on the Parade?

- a. JG Jackson
- b. John Cundall
- c. William Gascoyne

#### Question 3

When did "Lockheeds" first come to town in Clemens Street under the name Borg & Beck?

- a. 1899
- b. 1919
- c. 1939

#### Question 4

Who was Mayor five times and ran the biggest cooking appliance factory in town?

- a. Joshua Harris
- b. Sidney Flavel
- c. William Thomas

#### Question 5

Which vicar designed much of All Saints Church when he was not a trained architect?

- a. Rev James Reynolds
- b. Rev John Craig
- c. Rev Robert Runcie

#### Question 6

When was the canal opened?

- a. 1769-1770
- b. 1799-1800
- c. 1829-1830

#### Question 7

When did Leamington Spa become "Royal"?

- a. 1818
- b. 1838
- c. 1857

#### Question 8

Where did architect William Thomas go to when there was a financial crisis in town?

- a. Australia
- b. Canada
- c. Italy

#### Question 9

When was the "Royal Pump Rooms" opened?

- a. 1814
- b. 1824
- c. 1834

#### Question 10

Where was the "Theatre Royal"?

- a. Portland Place
- b. Spencer Street
- c. Regent Grove

### Round 2

#### Question 1

What happened in Leicester Street for the first time in 1919?

- a. Leamington's first council house was occupied
- b. A new school was built
- c. Cattle from Campion Hills ran down the street

#### Question 2

Where was Gullimans golf course in the 1930s?

- a. Brunswick Street
- b. Radford Road
- c. Tachbrook Road

#### Question 3

Who was born in Clemens Street and later became a Labour government minister?

- a. George Brown
- b. Barbara Castle
- c. Fred Mulley

#### Question 4

When was the Assembly built?

- a. 1921
- b. 1926
- c. 1930

#### Question 5

What is the connection between Regents Hotel, Spencers Yard, The Old Art Gallery and Museum and The Gables Kenilworth Road?

- a. A film was made using them
- b. Occupied 1939-1945 by Directorate of Camouflage
- c. Designed by same architect

#### Question 6

What is the common connection between Clinton St, Leamington College for Boys and Milverton School?

- a. Dr Jephson
- b. Frank Whittle
- c. Dr Hitchman

#### Question 7

Where will you find the Blue Plaque for William de Normanville?

- a. Mill Street
- b. Church Street
- c. Clarendon Crescent

#### Question 8

When did Leamington Borough Council gain ownership of the Campion Hills and Newbold Comyn?

- a. 1938
- b. 1943
- c. 1949

#### Question 9

Which town centre business in the 1950s-60s had shops in Lansdowne St and Brunswick St as well?

- a. Hutton and Barretts
- b. Burgis and Colbourne
- c. Boots

#### Question 10

What landmark at the corner of Clemens Street / High Street was demolished in 1968?

- a. Copps Hotel
- b. Disused railway bridge
- c. A spa water well

### Round 3

#### Question 1

Princess Victoria once stayed at the Regent Hotel. How old was she at this time?

- a. 10
- b. 11
- c. 12

#### Question 2

Which part of Dr Jephson was missing?

- a. Ear
- b. Toe
- c. Finger

#### Question 3

Buckley Road in Lillington was named after William Buckley. Who was he?

- a. Engineer
- b. Architect
- c. Painter

#### Question 4

The famous tennis twins, William and Earnest, were born in Holly Walk. How old were they when they left Leamington?

- a. Under 1
- b. Around 10
- c. Over 16

#### Question 5

The Rev Dr John Craig was responsible for extending All Saints Parish Church, but what was he up to in London?

- a. Designing a telescope
- b. Preaching at Westminster Abbey
- c. Spending time in prison

#### Question 6

Randolph Turpin was once middleweight boxing champion of the world. Where was he born?

- a. Radford Road
- b. Tachbrook Road
- c. Willes Road

#### Question 7

Elizabeth Whitehead was born and died in Leamington. What was her occupation?

- a. Artist
- b. Actress
- c. Author

#### Question 8

William Thomas designed many famous buildings in Leamington. Which of these did he NOT design?

- a. Lansdowne Crescent
- b. Victoria Terrace
- c. Clarendon Crescent

#### Question 9

Henry Bright was responsible for ensuring that Leamington had a clean water supply in 1879. Was he

- a. A Yorkshireman
- b. A Scotsman
- c. A Londoner

#### Question 10

Joan Parsons lived in Avenue Road in the 1930s. What was her greatest achievement?

- a. First woman to climb Everest
- b. Flying to Africa and back solo
- c. Swimming the Channel at night